

# MAMMUT

late starch variety

NEW  
RELEASES



**MAMMUT can be grown  
on all types of soil.**



Starch



Late

## YIELD

very high starch yield;  
starch content up to 23 % is possible;  
uniform calibration;  
medium - high number of tubers

## RESISTANCES

- › PCN Ro 1(9), Ro 5(9),  
Pa 2(9), Pa 3(6)
- › wart disease Pathotype 1,
- › PVY very high
- › PLRV medium
- › late blight medium
- › early blight medium
- › common scab medium

## TUBER

round-oval; netted, yellow skin,  
light yellow flesh

## PLANTING

suitable for all locations, but care should  
be taken to ensure that the soil is in good  
condition before planting begins;  
distance in row 34-36 cm;  
plant early if possible due to its long  
vegetation period; treatment against  
Rhizoctonia is recommended; remove  
apical sprout before planting

## FERTILIZATION

- N-Fertilization:** up to 160 kg N/ha  
(incl. N-min)
- P-Fertilization:** 60 - 80 kg / ha
- K-Fertilization:** up to 300 kg/ha
- Mg-Fertilization:** 80 kg/ha

foliar fertilization with trace nutrients in  
dry phases, phosphate and potassium

## PLANT

large, robust, dark green stem type;  
rapid foliage development;  
red-purple flower

## PLANT PROTECTION

does not react sensitively to metribuzin;  
fungicide applications due to local de-  
mand; very healthy leaves; add a spore-  
killing fungicide by haulm killing

## HARVEST

ensure careful harvesting with sufficient  
soil cushion; ensure good skin set

## STORAGE

can be stored well after sufficient wound  
healing phase

This variety description has been compiled to the best of our knowledge and belief. As potatoes are a natural product, no liability can be accepted for this information. MAMMUT has been produced conventionally without use of genetic modification methods.